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Bio-Plastic Alloy (Academic lecture meeting announcement item)

Joint development partner: Toyota Central R&D Labs., Inc.

「ひまし油」を原料とする100%植物由来樹脂ポリアミド11(PA11)と、石油由来 樹脂のポリプロピレン(PP)を複合化し、世界トップクラスの衝撃強度を実現。

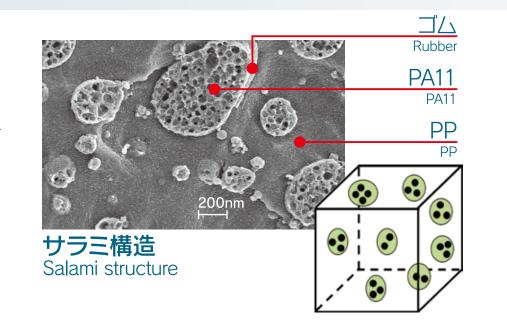
World-class impact resistance with a synthesis of polyamide11 (PA11), a 100% natural resin made from castor oil, and petroleum-derived polypropylene (PP).

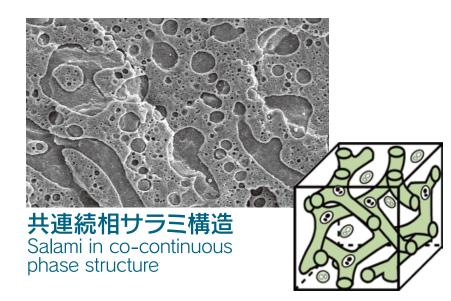
特長

Feature

PA11とPPの親和性を向上させ、ナノレベルで混合・分散 制御することにより衝撃強度に有効な「サラミ構造」と、 それを進化させた世界初の「共連続相サラミ構造」を実現。

Improved compatibility of PA11 and PP enabled nano-level blending and dispersion control. It achieved impact-resistant salami structures, leading to the world's first salami in co-continuous phase structures for even better performance.





効果

Results

- ① 従来バイオプラスチックの10倍以上の衝撃強度を実現 Impact resistance more than 10 times greater than previous bio-plastics
- ②高衝撃樹脂で知られるポリカーボネート系複合樹脂の 衝撃強度を上回る性能

Better impact resistance than polycarbonate blends that are known for high impact performance

