軽量化と剛性向上を両立したフロントシート骨格

New Front Seat Frame Realized Weight Saving and Rigidity Enhancement

採用車種 トヨタ プリウス、C-HR、レクサスLC、LSなど **Vehicle:**TOYOTA PRIUS, C-HR, LEXUS LC, LS, etc.

Toyota New Global Architecture*の思想に基づき、 世界トップクラスの性能を目指したシート骨格。

This seat frame aims for world class performance based on the Toyota New Global Architecture* concept.

*Toyota New Global Architecture: トヨタ自動車(株)が取り組むクルマづくりの構造改革。クルマの基本性能や商品力を驚異的に向上させることを目指したもの。

Structural innovation sought by Toyota Motor Corporation in car manufacturing. Aimed at dramatically improving the basic performance and product appeal of cars.

特 長 FEATURE

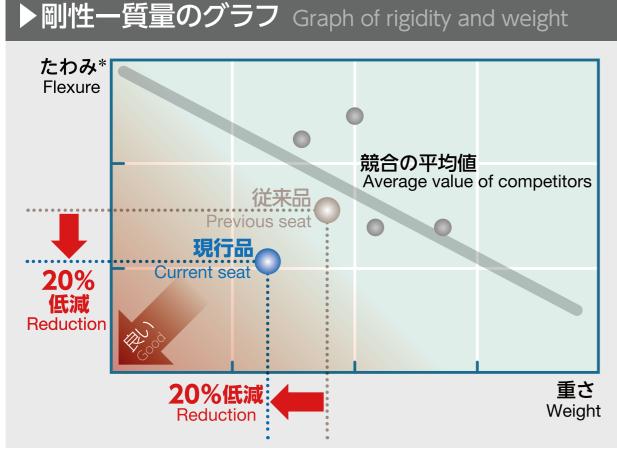
1 軽量化の目標を達成しつつ、背反性能である剛性向上を実現し、乗り心地性能を向上

While reaching targets for reduced weight, also realized the contradictory performance of rigidity and improved the riding comfort.

剛性向上を実現し、乗り心地性能を向上骨盤の支持を高めフィット感を向上While reaching targets for reduced weight, alsoPelvic support is enhanced and feeling of fit is improved

Pelvic support is enhanced and feeling of fit is improved by revising the cushion spring and cushion pad.

2 クッションバネとクッションパッドの見直しにより、



- *前後方向の負荷を与えたときのたわみを計測。たわみが少ないほど剛性がある。
- *The extent of seat deformation is measured after applying load in a front-back direction. The less deformation, the higher the rigidity.

3 前後左右の剛性が確保でき、体をしっかりと支え、操縦安定性を向上

Rigidity is secured in all directions, firmly supporting the body for more stable steering.

4 座圧の適正化により、 ロングドライブでも疲れにくい

Fatigue during long periods of driving is reduced by the optimization of seat pressure.



Red indicates areas of high pressure, while blue indicates low pressure. Current seat pressure distribution indicates the pressure is properly distributed with little red showing.